

	Reimbursement Policy Manual		Policy #:	RPM046
Policy Title:	Colorectal Cancer Screening and Related Ancillary Services			
Section:	Preventive Services	Subsection:	None	
Scope: This policy applies to the following Medical (including Pharmacy/Vision) plans:				
Companies: <input type="checkbox"/> All Companies: Moda Partners, Inc. and its subsidiaries & affiliates <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Moda Health Plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Moda Assurance Company <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Summit Health Plan <input type="checkbox"/> Eastern Oregon Coordinated Care Organization (EOCCO) <input type="checkbox"/> OHSU Health IDS				
Types of Business: <input type="checkbox"/> All Types <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Commercial Group <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Commercial Individual <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Commercial Marketplace/Exchange <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Commercial Self-funded <input type="checkbox"/> Medicaid <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medicare Advantage <input type="checkbox"/> Short Term (Does not apply; not subject to PPACA) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____				
States: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> All States <input type="checkbox"/> Alaska <input type="checkbox"/> Idaho <input type="checkbox"/> Oregon <input type="checkbox"/> Texas <input type="checkbox"/> Washington				
Claim forms: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CMS1500 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CMS1450/UB (or the electronic equivalent or successor forms)				
Date: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> All dates <input type="checkbox"/> Specific date(s): _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Date of Service; For Facilities: <input type="checkbox"/> n/a <input type="checkbox"/> Facility admission <input type="checkbox"/> Facility discharge <input type="checkbox"/> Date of processing				
Provider Contract Status: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Contracted directly, any/all networks <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Contracted with a secondary network <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Out of Network				
Originally Effective:	11/20/2015	Initially Published:	12/23/2015	
Last Updated:	7/11/2023	Last Reviewed:	7/12/2023	
Last update includes payment policy changes, subject to 28 TAC §3.3703(a)(20)(D)? No				
Last Update Effective Date for Texas:		7/12/2023		

Reimbursement Guidelines

A. Colorectal Cancer Screening Services

1. Commercial plans:
 - a. Preventive screening for colorectal cancer is covered in accordance with the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) at 100% (no cost-sharing responsibility to the member), when the member is seeing an in-network provider.
 - b. See [Preventive services for adults](#) for screening methods.
 - c. **Note:** The remainder of this policy focuses primarily on coding requirements and ancillary services connected with screening by sigmoidoscopy and colonoscopy methods. Other screening methods do not involve additional ancillary services.
2. Medicare Advantage plans:
 - a. For Medicare Advantage plans, the provider must be Medicare-certified. Coverage for non-network preventive care is determined by the member's Medicare Advantage plan benefits; some plans may not include out-of-network benefits.

- b. Our Medicare Advantage plans cover preventive screening for colorectal cancer in accordance with Medicare Preventive Services guidelines.
- c. Please reference https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Prevention/PrevntionGenInfo/medicare-preventive-services/MPS-QuickReferenceChart-1.html#COLO_CAN for the most up-to-date information on allowable screening methods, coverage frequency for high risk and not high risk patients, procedure codes, and other specific information.
- d. **Note:** The remainder of this policy focuses primarily on coding requirements and ancillary services connected with screening by sigmoidoscopy and colonoscopy methods. Other screening methods do not involve additional ancillary services.

B. Provider Network Requirements For No Cost-Sharing Screening Benefits

1. Commercial plans:

- a. In-network providers must be used for this PPACA Preventive Benefit.
- b. Non-Network Preventive Care Services are not part of the PPACA requirements. Screening colonoscopies or sigmoidoscopies or related ancillary services performed by a non-network provider will be covered at the usual diagnostic or medical services benefit level with the applicable member cost-sharing amounts.

2. Medicare Advantage plans:

For Medicare Advantage plans, the provider must accept Medicare, but is not required to be contracted directly with our Medicare Advantage plan.

C. Coding For Preventive Services

Correctly coding preventive care services is essential for the claim to process correctly and for the member to receive available preventive benefits. In general:

- Submit preventive care services with diagnosis codes that represent health services encounters that are not for the treatment of illness or injury.
- Preventive care service claims submitted with diagnosis codes that represent treatment of illness or injury as the primary (first) diagnosis, will be processed as applicable under the member's normal medical benefits rather than preventive care coverage.
- Non-preventive care services incorrectly coded with a preventive diagnosis will not be covered as preventive care; in some cases they will be denied as a billing error, and in other cases, they may be processed as applicable under the member's normal medical benefits rather than preventive care coverage.

This policy outlines further specific coding requirements for various colorectal cancer screening services and related ancillary services. These requirements must be met to ensure the member receives their available preventive benefits.

D. Screening Colonoscopy Or Sigmoidoscopy When No Abnormalities Are Found

If a screening colonoscopy is performed and no abnormalities are found, submit the service with a procedure code specific to a screening colonoscopy (e.g., G0105, G0121).

If a screening sigmoidoscopy is performed and no abnormalities are found, submit the service with a procedure code specific to a screening sigmoidoscopy (e.g., G0104).

E. Screening Colonoscopy Or Sigmoidoscopy Converted To Diagnostic Or Therapeutic Colonoscopy Or Sigmoidoscopy

When an abnormality is encountered during screening colonoscopy or sigmoidoscopy:

1. The colonoscopy or sigmoidoscopy is still classified as a preventive service eligible for coverage at the no-member-cost-share benefit level.
 - a. Submit the claim with Z12.11 (Encounter for screening for malignant neoplasm of colon) as the first-listed diagnosis code; this is the reason for the service or encounter. Use of Z12.11 in the first diagnosis position is essential to ensure the member's PPACA no-cost-share benefits are accessed.
 - b. Modifier PT is to be appended to the appropriate diagnostic or therapeutic colonoscopy procedure code(s).
 - i. Modifier PT is not valid to use in combination with a procedure code with "screening" in the code description, because billing those codes indicates the screening colonoscopy was not converted to a diagnostic or therapeutic procedure.
 - ii. Modifier PT is not valid to use in combination with an E/M code.
 - iii. The [list of procedure codes considered valid to use in combination with modifier PT is indicated below](#) in the procedure code table.
 - c. Claims with diagnostic colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy procedure codes submitted without modifier PT appended or without Z12.11 as the first-listed diagnosis code will be processed under the member's normal medical benefit level, not preventive benefits.
2. For Commercial plans: Future colonoscopies or sigmoidoscopies are no longer eligible for Preventive screening benefits under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA); they are considered diagnostic, monitoring or surveillance testing (see Monitoring or Surveillance Testing below).
3. For Medicare Advantage plans: Future colonoscopies or sigmoidoscopies may be eligible for preventive screening benefits provided criteria outlined in the CMS National Coverage Determination (NCD) for Colorectal Cancer Screening Tests are met. (CMS¹¹)

F. Ancillary Services for Commercial Plans

Effective for dates of service 1/1/2016 and following, ancillary services directly related to screening colonoscopies or sigmoidoscopies are considered part of the preventive service and covered at the no-member-cost-share benefit level.

1. Specialist Consultation Prior To The Screening Colonoscopy Procedure.

A pre-procedure evaluation office visit with the physician performing the screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy is classified as a preventive service eligible for coverage at the no-member-cost-share benefit level.

a. Coding requirements:

- i. For dates of service 7/1/2016 and after, S0285 is the most comprehensive and specific code available. For Commercial plans, S0285 may be used to report this visit. For Medicare Advantage plans, S0285 is a Status I (invalid) code, and regular E/M codes must be used.
- ii. If S0285 is not appropriate (e.g., Medicare Advantage plans or prior to 7/1/2016), report the pre-procedure evaluation office visit with the appropriate new-patient, established-patient, or consultation evaluation and management (E/M) procedure code.
- iii. The E/M service must be submitted with modifier 33 appended to identify that it is directly connected to a planned screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy service. Use of modifier 33 is essential to ensure the member's PPACA no-cost-share benefits are accessed.
- iv. Report Z01.818 (Encounter for other preprocedural examination) as the first-listed diagnosis code. Since the screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy is not performed at this encounter, Z12.11 is not an appropriate diagnosis code.
- v. If the pre-procedure evaluation office visit is performed at a hospital-owned provider-based clinic:
 - a) For dates of service 12/31/2018 and prior, if submitted on a CMS1450 claim, submit the visit under one of the following revenue codes:
 - 1) 0510 (Clinic—General)
 - 2) 0960 (Professional Fees—General)
 - 3) If additional revenue codes need to be configured for this benefit, submit a formal letter of request with enclosed copies of the applicable billing guidelines from CMS and the Uniform Billing Editor, and any other relevant supporting documentation.
 - i) If the need is identified due to a claim denial, submit the request as part of a formal written appeal for that claim.
 - ii) If the need is identified before a claims submission, submit the formal written request to the attention of your Medical Professional Relations Representative.
 - b) For dates of service 1/1/2019 and following:
 - 1) For Commercial lines of business, submit the service on a CMS1500 claim form with place of service 11. (Moda^c)
 - 2) For Medicare Advantage lines of business and submitted on a CMS1450 claim, submit the visit under one of the following revenue codes:
 - i) 0510 (Clinic—General)
 - ii) 0960 (Professional Fees—General)

- b. A pre-procedure evaluation office visit submitted without modifier 33 appended, diagnosis code Z01.818, or otherwise not meeting the above coding requirements, will be processed under the member's medical office visit or specialist visit benefit, not the preventive benefit.

2. Anesthesia & Conscious Sedation.

a. Moderate (Conscious) Sedation.

- i. For dates of service in 2016 and prior, per CPT guidelines, colonoscopy and sigmoidoscopy procedure codes include conscious sedation.
 - a) CPT codes 99143 – 99150 may not be reported by the same provider in conjunction with the colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy procedure.
 - b) CPT codes 99148 – 99150 may be reported by a second physician or qualified provider under limited circumstances; refer to the CPT guidelines for 99143 – 99150.
- ii. For dates of service in 2017 and following, colonoscopy and sigmoidoscopy procedure codes no longer include conscious sedation. 99151 -99157 may be separately reported. For contracted providers, eligibility for separate reimbursement will depend upon specific aspects of the provider contract.

b. Deep Sedation or General Anesthesia.

i. Medical necessity criteria.

If deep sedation or general anesthesia (00810 through 2017; 00812 beginning 2018) is required for a screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy, medical criteria must be met for benefits to apply. Please refer to our Medical criteria [“Anesthesia for Routine Gastrointestinal Endoscopic Procedures.”](#)

ii. Coding requirements:

- a) The anesthesia service must be submitted with modifier PT appended to identify that it was performed for a screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy service. Use of modifier PT is essential to ensure the member's PPACA no-cost-share benefits are accessed.
 - 1) For dates of service through 12/31/2017, use 00810-PT. (This code is not valid for dates of service in 2018 and following.)
 - 2) For dates of service beginning 1/1/2018 and following, use 00812-PT.
 - 3) Modifier PT is not considered valid for use with 00811. This combination will be denied. Modifier PT designates more information is available than the “not otherwise specified” of CPT code 00811, so another CPT code should be used.
 - 4) 2018 CPT code 00813 describes anesthesia for combined upper and lower gastrointestinal endoscopic procedures.
 - i) If the lower GI endoscopy began as a colorectal cancer screening endoscopy and the upper GI endoscopy was performed in the same session, then report 00813-PT, so the anesthesia may be allowed under the member's PPACA no-cost-share benefits.

- ii) If the lower GI endoscopy did not begin as a screening procedure, report 00813 without modifier PT appended, and the member's usual medical benefit level will apply.
- b) Submit the claim with Z12.11 (Encounter for screening for malignant neoplasm of colon) as the first-listed diagnosis code; this is the reason for the service or encounter. Use of Z12.11 in the first diagnosis position is essential to ensure the member's PPACA no-cost-share benefits are accessed.
- c) If the anesthesia service is submitted on a CMS1450 claim, submit 00810-PT/00812-PT under one of the following revenue codes:
 - 1) 0370 (Anesthesia—General)
 - 2) 0963 (Professional Fees—Anesthesiologist (MD))
 - 3) 0964 (Professional Fees—Anesthetist (CRNA))
- d) Claims for anesthesia services submitted without modifier PT appended or without a first-listed diagnosis of colorectal cancer screening will be processed under the member's usual surgical anesthesia benefit, not preventive benefits.

3. Pathology Services

When an abnormality is encountered during a screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy and a biopsy or other pathology specimen is sent for pathology services, the pathology service is classified as a preventive service eligible for coverage at the no-member-cost-share benefit level.

a. Coding requirements:

- i. The pathology service (e.g., 88305) must be submitted with modifier PT appended to identify that it arose from a screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy service. Use of modifier PT is essential to ensure the member's PPACA no-cost-share benefits are accessed.
- ii. Report the definitive pathologic diagnosis (e.g., K63.5) as the first-listed diagnosis, if a definitive pathologic diagnosis is available at the time the claim is filed. (ICD-10⁴)
A pathology service has not been completed to generate a claim until the pathologist's interpretation and report is complete and documented. Thus, the pathology conclusions are available in the report to establish the diagnosis for the claim.
- iii. Depending upon the extent of the pathology examination, and if specific extra staining technique is documented in the pathology report, 88342 is sometimes appropriate to report in addition to 88305. Modifier PT must be appended to this pathology code as well in order to ensure the member's PPACA no-cost-share screening colonoscopy benefits are accessed.
- iv. Report Z12.11 (Encounter for screening for malignant neoplasm of colon) as a second-listed or additional diagnosis on the claim.
- v. If the pathology service is submitted on a CMS1450 claim, submit the pathology code with modifier PT appended under one of the following revenue codes:
 - 1) 0310 (Laboratory Pathology—General)
 - 2) 0311 (Laboratory Pathology—Cytology)

- 3) 0312 (Laboratory Pathology—Histology)
 - 4) 0314 (Laboratory Pathology—Biopsy)
 - 5) 0960 (Professional Fees—General)
 - 6) 0971 (Professional Fees—Laboratory)
- b. Pathology services submitted without modifier PT appended (or under any other revenue code) will not be processed under the member’s screening colonoscopy benefit.
4. Facility Fees, Outpatient Hospital or Ambulatory Surgery Center
- If the screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy is performed at an outpatient hospital or ambulatory surgery center and an abnormality is found, the facility fees are also classified as a preventive service eligible for coverage at the no-member-cost-share benefit level.
- a. Coding requirements:
- i. Report the appropriate diagnostic colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy procedure code.
 - ii. Use one of the following revenue codes to report the procedure.
 - 1) 0360 (Operating Room Services—General)
 - 2) 0361 (Operating Room Services—Minor Surgery)
 - 3) 0490 (Ambulatory Surgical Care—General)
 - 4) 0517 (Clinic—Family Practice Clinic)
 - 5) 0750 (Gastrointestinal Services—General)
 - 6) 0760 (Specialty Services—General)
 - 7) 0761 (Specialty Services—Treatment Room)
 - iii. Revenue code 0510 (Clinic—General):
 - 1) May be used for Medicare Advantage plans and Medicaid plans.
 - 2) Effective for DOS January 1, 2019 and following, revenue code 0510 may not be used for Commercial plans. (Moda ^c)
 - iv. Modifier PT is to be appended to the appropriate diagnostic or therapeutic colonoscopy procedure code(s).
 - v. Report Z12.11 (Encounter for screening for malignant neoplasm of colon) as the first-listed diagnosis code; this is the reason for the service or encounter. Use of Z12.11 in the first diagnosis position is essential to ensure the member’s PPACA no-cost-share benefits are accessed.
 - vi. Report any additional findings or abnormalities encountered as additional diagnoses on the claim.
- b. Facility claims with diagnostic colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy procedure codes submitted under any other revenue code(s) or without modifier PT appended or without Z12.11 as the first-listed diagnosis code will be processed under the member’s usual medical benefit level, not the preventive benefit.
- c. Diagnostic colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy procedure codes with modifier PT appended are not configured to process as colorectal cancer screening for preventive benefits on Inpatient Hospital claims, or under revenue codes for an Urgent Care Clinic (0516) or the Emergency Room (045x). Due to the contradictory nature of the services provided in these settings,

colorectal cancer screening preventive services are not expected to be performed in these areas.

G. Ancillary Services for Medicare Advantage Plans

1. Specialist Consultation Prior To The Screening Colonoscopy Procedure.

- a. An E/M consultation visit is not covered by Medicare prior to a screening colonoscopy.
- b. Effective 1/1/2020 Moda Medicare Advantage plans do not cover a specialist consultation visit prior to the screening colonoscopy procedure.
- c. Should an E/M consultation visit prior to a screening colonoscopy be needed or medically necessary:
 - i. Because the member's Evidence of Coverage does not list this service as non-covered, the GI physician needs to request an organization determination from our plan.
 - ii. If/when we respond indicating the services are not covered, then arrange a cash transaction with the Medicare Advantage beneficiary in advance of the specialist consultation visit prior to the screening colonoscopy.
 - iii. The member may not be balance-billed for a specialist consultation E/M visit if the member was not notified, and a cash transaction arranged prior to the E/M visit taking place. (Moda^D)

2. Anesthesia & Conscious Sedation.

- a. Moderate (Conscious) Sedation.
 - i. For dates of service in 2016 and prior, per CPT guidelines, colonoscopy and sigmoidoscopy procedure codes include conscious sedation.
 - 1) CPT codes 99143 – 99150 may not be reported by the same provider in conjunction with the colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy procedure.
 - 2) CPT codes 99148 – 99150 may be reported by a second physician or qualified provider under limited circumstances; refer to the CPT guidelines for 99143 – 99150.
 - ii. For dates of service in 2017 and following, colonoscopy and sigmoidoscopy procedure codes no longer include conscious sedation. 99151 -99157 may be separately reported. For contracted providers, eligibility for separate reimbursement will depend upon specific aspects of the provider contract.
- b. Deep Sedation or General Anesthesia.
 - i. Medical necessity criteria.

If deep sedation or general anesthesia (00810 through 2017; 00812 beginning 2018) is required for a screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy, medical criteria must be met for benefits to apply. Please refer to our Medical criteria [“Anesthesia for Routine Gastrointestinal Endoscopic Procedures.”](#)
 - ii. Coding requirements:
 - 1) The anesthesia service must be submitted with modifier PT appended to identify that it was performed for a screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy service. The

correct use of modifiers 33 or PT is essential to ensure the member's screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy no-cost-share benefits are accessed.

- a) For dates of service through 12/31/2017, use 00810-PT. (This code is not valid for dates of service in 2018 and following.)
 - b) For dates of service beginning 1/1/2018 and following, use 00812.
 - i) Append modifier 33 (Preventive Service) to the anesthesia CPT code 00812 when you supply a separately payable anesthesia service with a screening colonoscopy (G0105 and G0121) to waive patient copayment/coinsurance and deductible. (CMS⁷)
 - ii) When a screening colonoscopy becomes a diagnostic colonoscopy, report anesthesia services with CPT code 00812 and append modifier PT .
 - c) Modifier PT is not considered valid for use with 00811. This combination will be denied. Modifier PT designates more information is available than the "not otherwise specified" of CPT code 00811, so another CPT code should be used.
 - d) 2018 CPT code 00813 describes anesthesia for combined upper and lower gastrointestinal endoscopic procedures.
 - i) If the lower GI endoscopy was a colorectal cancer screening with no abnormalities found, and the diagnostic upper GI endoscopy was performed in the same session, then report 00813-33, so the anesthesia may be allowed under the member's screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy no-cost-share benefits.
 - ii) If the lower GI endoscopy began as a colorectal cancer screening endoscopy and the upper GI endoscopy was performed in the same session, then report 00813-PT, so the anesthesia may be allowed under the member's screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy no-cost-share benefits.
 - iii) If the lower GI endoscopy did not begin as a screening procedure, report 00813 without modifier PT appended, and the member's usual medical benefit level will apply.
- 2) Submit the claim with Z12.11 (Encounter for screening for malignant neoplasm of colon) as the first-listed diagnosis code; this is the reason for the service or encounter. Use of Z12.11 in the first diagnosis position is essential to ensure the member's screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy no-cost-share benefits are accessed.
 - 3) If the anesthesia service is submitted on a CMS1450 claim, submit 00810-PT/00812-PT under one of the following revenue codes:
 - a) 0370 (Anesthesia—General)
 - b) 0963 (Professional Fees—Anesthesiologist (MD))
 - c) 0964 (Professional Fees—Anesthetist (CRNA))
 - 4) Claims for anesthesia services submitted without modifier PT appended or without a first-listed diagnosis of colorectal cancer screening will be processed under the member's usual surgical anesthesia benefit, not preventive benefits.

3. Pathology Services

When an abnormality is encountered during a screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy and a biopsy or other pathology specimen is sent for pathology services, the pathology service is classified as a preventive service eligible for coverage at the no-member-cost-share benefit level.

a. Coding requirements:

- i. The pathology service (e.g., 88305) must be submitted with modifier PT appended to identify that it arose from a screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy service. Use of modifier PT is essential to ensure the member's screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy no-cost-share benefits are accessed.
 - ii. Report the definitive pathologic diagnosis (e.g., K63.5) as the first-listed diagnosis, if a definitive pathologic diagnosis is available at the time the claim is filed. (ICD-10⁴)
A pathology service has not been completed to generate a claim until the pathologist's interpretation and report is complete and documented. Thus, the pathology conclusions are available in the report to establish the diagnosis for the claim.
 - iii. Depending upon the extent of the pathology examination, and if specific extra staining technique is documented in the pathology report, 88342 is sometimes appropriate to report in addition to 88305. Modifier PT must be appended to this pathology code as well in order to ensure the member's screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy no-cost-share screening colonoscopy benefits are accessed.
 - iv. Report Z12.11 (Encounter for screening for malignant neoplasm of colon) as a second-listed or additional diagnosis on the claim.
 - v. If the pathology service is submitted on a CMS1450 claim, submit the pathology code with modifier PT appended under one of the following revenue codes:
 - 1) 0310 (Laboratory Pathology—General)
 - 2) 0311 (Laboratory Pathology—Cytology)
 - 3) 0312 (Laboratory Pathology—Histology)
 - 4) 0314 (Laboratory Pathology—Biopsy)
 - 5) 0960 (Professional Fees—General)
 - 6) 0971 (Professional Fees—Laboratory)
- b. Pathology services submitted without modifier PT appended (or under any other revenue code) will not be processed under the member's screening colonoscopy benefit.

4. Facility Fees, Outpatient Hospital or Ambulatory Surgery Center

If the screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy is performed at an outpatient hospital or ambulatory surgery center and an abnormality is found, the facility fees are also classified as a preventive service eligible for coverage at the no-member-cost-share benefit level.

a. Coding requirements:

- i. Report the appropriate diagnostic colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy procedure code.
- ii. Use one of the following revenue codes to report the procedure.
 - 1) 0360 (Operating Room Services—General)
 - 2) 0361 (Operating Room Services—Minor Surgery)

- 3) 0490 (Ambulatory Surgical Care—General)
 - 4) 0517 (Clinic—Family Practice Clinic)
 - 5) 0750 (Gastrointestinal Services—General)
 - 6) 0760 (Specialty Services—General)
 - 7) 0761 (Specialty Services—Treatment Room)
- iii. Revenue code 0510 (Clinic—General):
 - 1) May be used for Medicare Advantage plans and Medicaid plans.
 - 2) Effective for DOS January 1, 2019 and following, revenue code 0510 may not be used for Commercial plans. (Moda^c)
 - iv. Modifier PT is to be appended to the appropriate diagnostic or therapeutic colonoscopy procedure code(s).
 - v. Report Z12.11 (Encounter for screening for malignant neoplasm of colon) as the first-listed diagnosis code; this is the reason for the service or encounter. Use of Z12.11 in the first diagnosis position is essential to ensure the member's screening colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy no-cost-share benefits are accessed.
 - vi. Report any additional findings or abnormalities encountered as additional diagnoses on the claim.
- b. Facility claims with diagnostic colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy procedure codes submitted under any other revenue code(s) or without modifier PT appended or without Z12.11 as the first-listed diagnosis code will be processed under the member's usual medical benefit level, not the preventive benefit.
 - c. Diagnostic colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy procedure codes with modifier PT appended are not configured to process as colorectal cancer screening for preventive benefits on Inpatient Hospital claims, or under revenue codes for an Urgent Care Clinic (0516) or the Emergency Room (045x). Due to the contradictory nature of the services provided in these settings, colorectal cancer screening preventive services are not expected to be performed in these areas.

H. More Frequent Colon Cancer Testing

There are times when a physician or other qualified healthcare provider determines colon cancer testing should be performed more frequently than the standard preventive screening recommendations. Which type of benefit applies to the more frequent testing varies according to the line of business.

- 1. Commercial Plans -- Screening Versus Diagnostic, Monitoring or Surveillance Testing
 - a. More frequent colon cancer testing is considered Preventive if the patient is being observed due to family history or because of other risk factors (e.g., work environment). (Moda¹⁰)
 - b. If the patient has a diagnosis of previous colorectal cancer or has a personal history of adenomatous polyps, inflammatory bowel disease, or other risk factors for colorectal cancer,

more frequent colonoscopies or sigmoidoscopies are warranted for monitoring or surveillance of a diagnosed condition.

- i. A personal history diagnosis (e.g., personal history of adenomatous polyps, inflammatory bowel disease, or other risk factors for colorectal cancer) is considered a Medical diagnosis code. (Moda^A)
 - ii. When a Medical diagnosis code (such as a personal history of one of these conditions) is the reason for a colonoscopy or sigmoidoscopy, the procedure is not considered preventive screening.
 - iii. Instead, colonoscopies and/or sigmoidoscopies billed with one of these personal history diagnoses are covered under the diagnostic or Medical benefit and are subject to the usual member cost-sharing requirements.
2. Medicare Advantage – Colorectal Cancer Screening for an Individual At High Risk For Colorectal Cancer.
- a. An individual at high risk for colorectal cancer means an individual with one or more of the following: (CMS¹⁰)
 - i. A close relative (sibling, parent, or child) who has had colorectal cancer or an adenomatous polyp;
 - ii. A family history of familial adenomatous polyposis;
 - iii. A family history of hereditary nonpolyposis colorectal cancer;
 - iv. A personal history of adenomatous polyps; or
 - v. A personal history of colorectal cancer; or
 - vi. Inflammatory bowel disease, including Crohn's Disease, and ulcerative colitis.
 - b. For each type of colorectal cancer screening (multitarget sDNA test, fecal occult blood test, sigmoidoscopy, colonoscopy, or barium enema alternative) Medicare defines a different and/or more frequent schedule of testing for individuals at high risk for colorectal cancer than for those who are not at high risk.

For the most up-to-date information, please reference: [Preventive Services Chart | Medicare Learning Network® | ICN MLN006559 December 2020 \(cms.gov\)](#) .

Codes, Terms, and Definitions

Acronyms & Abbreviations Defined

Acronym or Abbreviation		Definition
AHA	=	American Hospital Association
AMA	=	American Medical Association
CCI	=	Correct Coding Initiative (see “NCCI”)
CMS	=	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
CPT	=	Current Procedural Terminology

Acronym or Abbreviation		Definition
DRG	=	Diagnosis Related Group (also known as/see also MS DRG)
HCPCS	=	Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (acronym often pronounced as "hick picks")
HIPAA	=	Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act
ICD	=	International Classification of Diseases
ICD-10	=	International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Edition
ICD-10-CM	=	International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Edition, Clinical Modification
ICD-10-PCS	=	International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Edition, Procedure Coding System
MS DRG	=	Medicare Severity Diagnosis Related Group (also known as/see also DRG)
NCCI	=	National Correct Coding Initiative (aka "CCI")
PPACA	=	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act
RPM	=	Reimbursement Policy Manual (e.g., in context of "RPM052" policy number, etc.)
UB	=	Uniform Bill
USPSTF	=	United States Preventive Services Task Force

Definition of Terms

Term	Definition
Screening	"Screening is the testing for disease or disease precursors in seemingly well individuals so that early detection and treatment can be provided for those who test positive for the disease (e.g., screening mammogram)." (ICD-10 ³)
Diagnostic	"The testing of a person to rule out or confirm a suspected diagnosis because the patient has some sign or symptom is a diagnostic examination, not a screening." (ICD-10 ³)
Monitoring	Routine monitoring of an existing health condition (such as diabetes or high cholesterol) is not a routine preventive service. In this case, the word "routine" does not refer to the health insurance benefit category, but rather it means that the testing or care is considered a medical standard of care for the patient's known problem or condition. Anytime a known condition or problem exists, the testing and care for that condition is never considered preventive; instead, it is covered under the benefit category for that condition (e.g., Medical, Substance Use Disorder, Maternity, Infertility, etc.).

Term	Definition
Surveillance	<p>Close and continuous observation or testing (Merriam Webster⁶)</p> <p>Surveillance testing is considered Medical if it is being done to observe or monitor a known symptom, problem, or previously identified abnormality. The diagnosis code needs to indicate the problem or symptom which is being observed or monitored.</p> <p>Surveillance testing is considered Preventive if the patient is being observed because of risk factors (e.g., work environment) or due to family history.</p>

Procedure codes (CPT & HCPCS):

Code	Code Description	Modifier PT eligible?
00810	Anesthesia for lower intestinal endoscopic procedures, endoscope introduced distal to duodenum	Deleted 12/31/2017 Yes
00811	Anesthesia for lower intestinal endoscopic procedures, endoscope introduced distal to duodenum; not otherwise specified.	New code added 1/1/2018 Yes
00812	Anesthesia for lower intestinal endoscopic procedures, endoscope introduced distal to duodenum; screening colonoscopy.	New code added 1/1/2018 No
00813	Anesthesia for combined upper and lower gastrointestinal endoscopic procedures, endoscope introduced both proximal to and distal to the duodenum.	New code added 1/1/2018 Yes
45303	Proctosigmoidoscopy, rigid; with dilation (eg, balloon, guide wire, bougie)	Yes
45305	Proctosigmoidoscopy, rigid; with biopsy, single or multiple	Yes
45307	Proctosigmoidoscopy, rigid; with removal of foreign body	Yes
45308	Proctosigmoidoscopy, rigid; with removal of single tumor, polyp, or other lesion by hot biopsy forceps or bipolar cautery	Yes
45309	Proctosigmoidoscopy, rigid; with removal of single tumor, polyp, or other lesion by snare technique	Yes
45315	Proctosigmoidoscopy, rigid; with removal of multiple tumors, polyps, or other lesions by hot biopsy forceps, bipolar cautery or snare technique	Yes
45317	Proctosigmoidoscopy, rigid; with control of bleeding (eg, injection, bipolar cautery, unipolar cautery, laser, heater probe, stapler, plasma coagulator)	Yes
45320	Proctosigmoidoscopy, rigid; with ablation of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) not amenable to removal by hot biopsy forceps, bipolar cautery or snare technique (eg, laser)	Yes
45321	Proctosigmoidoscopy, rigid; with decompression of volvulus	Yes
45327	Proctosigmoidoscopy, rigid; with transendoscopic stent placement (includes predilation)	Yes

Code	Code Description	Modifier PT eligible?
45331	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with biopsy, single or multiple	Yes
45332	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with removal of foreign body(s)	Yes
45333	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with removal of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) by hot biopsy forceps	Yes
45334	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with control of bleeding, any method	Yes
45335	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with directed submucosal injection(s), any substance	Yes
45337	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with decompression (for pathologic distention) (eg, volvulus, megacolon), including placement of decompression tube, when performed	Yes
45338	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with removal of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) by snare technique	Yes
45339	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with ablation of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) not amenable to removal by hot biopsy forceps, bipolar cautery or snare technique	Yes
45340	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with transendoscopic balloon dilation	Yes
45341	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with endoscopic ultrasound examination	Yes
45342	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with transendoscopic ultrasound guided intramural or transmural fine needle aspiration/biopsy(s)	Yes
45345	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with transendoscopic stent placement (includes predilation)	Yes
45346	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with ablation of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) (includes pre- and post-dilation and guide wire passage, when performed)	Yes
45347	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with placement of endoscopic stent (includes pre- and post-dilation and guide wire passage, when performed)	Yes
45349	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with endoscopic mucosal resection	Yes
45350	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible; with band ligation(s) (eg, hemorrhoids)	Yes
45355	Colonoscopy, rigid or flexible, transabdominal via colostomy, single or multiple	Yes
45378	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; diagnostic, with or without collection of specimen(s) by brushing or washing, with or without colon decompression (separate procedure)	Yes
45379	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with removal of foreign body	Yes
45380	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with biopsy, single or multiple	Yes
45381	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with directed submucosal injection(s), any substance	Yes
45382	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with control of bleeding (eg, injection, bipolar cautery, unipolar cautery, laser, heater probe, stapler, plasma coagulator)	Yes
45383	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with ablation of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) not amenable to removal by hot biopsy forceps, bipolar cautery or snare technique	Yes

Code	Code Description	Modifier PT eligible?	
45384	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with removal of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) by hot biopsy forceps or bipolar cautery	Yes	
45385	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with removal of tumor(s), polyp(s), or other lesion(s) by snare technique	Yes	
45386	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with dilation by balloon, 1 or more strictures	Yes	
45387	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with transendoscopic stent placement (includes predilation)	Yes	
45391	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with endoscopic ultrasound examination	Yes	
45392	Colonoscopy, flexible, proximal to splenic flexure; with transendoscopic ultrasound guided intramural or transmural fine needle aspiration/biopsy(s)	Yes	
88305	Level IV - Surgical pathology, gross and microscopic examination	Yes	
88342	Immunohistochemistry (W/Tissue Immunoperoxidase), Each Antibody	Yes	
99201	Office or other outpatient visit for the evaluation and management of a new patient (level I)	For dates of service 1/1/1993 – 12/31/2020 only. Deleted for 2021 dates of service.	No
99202	Office or other outpatient visit for the evaluation and management of a new patient (level II)	No	
99203	Office or other outpatient visit for the evaluation and management of a new patient (level III)	No	
99204	Office or other outpatient visit for the evaluation and management of a new patient (level IV)	No	
99205	Office or other outpatient visit for the evaluation and management of a new patient (level V)	No	
99211	Office or other outpatient visit for the evaluation and management of an established patient (level I)	No	
99212	Office or other outpatient visit for the evaluation and management of an established patient (level II)	No	
99213	Office or other outpatient visit for the evaluation and management of an established patient (level III)	No	

Code	Code Description	Modifier PT eligible?
99214	Office or other outpatient visit for the evaluation and management of an established patient (level IV)	No
99215	Office or other outpatient visit for the evaluation and management of an established patient (level V)	No
99241	Office consultation for a new or established patient (level I)	No
99242	Office consultation for a new or established patient (level II)	No
99243	Office consultation for a new or established patient (level III)	No
99244	Office consultation for a new or established patient (level IV)	No
99245	Office consultation for a new or established patient (level V)	No
G0104	Colorectal cancer screening; flexible sigmoidoscopy	No
G0105	Colorectal cancer screening; colonoscopy on individual at high risk	No
G0106	Colorectal cancer screening; alternative to G0104, screening sigmoidoscopy, barium enema	No
G0120	Colorectal cancer screening; alternative to G0105, screening colonoscopy, barium enema	No
G0121	Colorectal cancer screening; colonoscopy on individual not meeting criteria for high risk	No
G0328	Colorectal cancer screening; fecal occult blood test, immunoassay, 1-3 simultaneous determinations	No
S0285	Colonoscopy consultation performed prior to a screening colonoscopy procedure	No

Modifier Definitions:

Modifier	Modifier Description & Definition
Modifier 33	Preventive Services: When the primary purpose of the service is the delivery of an evidence based service in accordance with a US Preventive Services Task Force A or B rating in effect and other preventive services identified in preventive services mandates (legislative or regulatory), the service may be identified by adding 33 to the procedure. For separately reported services specifically identified as preventive, the modifier should not be used.
Modifier PT	Colorectal cancer screening test; converted to diagnostic test or other procedure

Diagnosis codes (ICD-10):

Code	Code Description
K63.5	Polyp of colon
Z01.818	Encounter for other preprocedural examination
Z12.11	Encounter for screening for malignant neoplasm of colon
Z86.004	Personal history of in-situ neoplasm of other and unspecified digestive organs

Coding Guidelines & Sources - (Key quotes, not all-inclusive)

The quotes provided here represent some significant coding guidelines relevant to the topics covered in this policy. It is impossible to provide comprehensive quotes of all applicable coding and billing guidelines. The billing office is expected to refer directly to the relevant guidelines and apply them in the coding and submission of claims.

“Screening is the testing for disease or disease precursors in seemingly well individuals so that early detection and treatment can be provided for those who test positive for the disease (e.g., screening mammogram).

The testing of a person to rule out or confirm a suspected diagnosis because the patient has some sign or symptom is a diagnostic examination, not a screening. In these cases, the sign or symptom [diagnosis code] is used [on the claim] to explain the reason for the test.

A screening code may be a first-listed code if the reason for the visit is specifically the screening exam...

Should a condition be discovered during the screening then the code for the condition may be assigned as an additional diagnosis.

The Z code indicates that a screening exam is planned. A procedure code is required to confirm that the screening was performed.” (ICD-10³)

“For outpatient encounters for diagnostic tests that have been interpreted by a physician, and the final report is available at the time of coding, code any confirmed or definitive diagnosis(es) documented in the interpretation. Do not code related signs and symptoms as additional diagnoses.

Please note: This differs from the coding practice in the hospital inpatient setting regarding abnormal findings on test results.” (ICD-10⁴)

“Do not report 99143 – 99145 in conjunction with codes listed in Appendix G. Do not report 99148 – 99150 in conjunction with codes listed in Appendix G when performed in the nonfacility setting.” (AMA⁵)

“When a second physician or other qualified health care professional other than the health care professional performing the diagnostic or therapeutic services provides moderate sedation in the facility setting (eg, hospital, outpatient hospital/ambulatory surgery center, skilled nursing facility) for the procedures listed in Appendix G, the second physician or other qualified health care professional reports 99148 – 99150. However, for the circumstance in which these services are performed by the second physician or other qualified health care professional in the nonfacility setting (eg, office, freestanding imaging center), codes 99148 – 99150 are not reported.” (AMA⁵)

Cross References

- A. [“Preventive Services versus Diagnostic and/or Medical Services.”](#) Moda Health Reimbursement Policy Manual, RPM037.
- B. Moda Health’s Medical criteria [“Anesthesia for Routine Gastrointestinal Endoscopic Procedures.”](#)
- C. [“Clinic Services In the Hospital Outpatient Setting.”](#) Moda Health Reimbursement Policy Manual, RPM061.
- D. [“Modifiers GA, GX, GY, and GZ.”](#) Moda Health Reimbursement Policy Manual, RPM036.

References & Resources

1. "FAQs About Affordable Care Act Implementation (Part XXIX) And Mental Health Parity Implementation." *United States Department of Labor*. October 23, 2015. December 1, 2015. < <http://www.dol.gov/ebsa/faqs/faq-aca29.html> > .
2. “Colorectal Cancer: Screening.” *United States Preventive Services Task Force*. October 2008: December 16, 2015. <<http://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/Page/Document/UpdateSummaryFinal/colorectal-cancer-screening> > .
3. “Screening.” *ICD-10-CM Official Guidelines for Coding and Reporting 2016*. Section IV.K.
4. “Patients receiving diagnostic services only.” *ICD-10-CM Official Guidelines for Coding and Reporting 2016*. Section I.C.21.c.5).
5. American Medical Association. “Moderate (Conscious) Sedation.” *Current Procedural Terminology (CPT), Professional Edition*. Chicago: AMA Press.
6. Merriam Webster. Online Medical Dictionary. <http://www.merriam-webster.com> .
7. CMS. “Medicare Preventive Services Quick Reference Chart.” ICN MLN006559 August 2020; last accessed November 30, 2020. <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Prevention/PrevntionGenInfo/medicare-preventive-services/MPS-QuickReferenceChart-1.html>

8. CMS. "Colorectal Cancer Screening." *Medicare Claims Processing Manual* (Pub. 100-4). Chapter 18 – Preventive and Screening Services, §60.
9. CMS. "Colorectal Cancer Screening Tests: Conditions for and Limitations on Coverage." Electronic Code of Federal Regulations. Title 42, Chapter IV, Subchapter B, Part 410, Subpart B, §410.37. Last accessed 1/5/2021 <https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?SID=c9e8c54ace3ce0636691c04e54ddc95d&mc=true&node=se42.2.410_137&rgn=div8>.
10. Moda Health. "Family History." Moda Health Medical Claims Review Committee. Medical Claims Review Committee July 26, 2006 Approved Minutes Follow-up item # 4), Compliance position.
11. CMS. "Colorectal Cancer Screening Tests." *Medicare National Coverage Determinations Manual* (Pub. 100-3). Chapter 1, Part 4 – Coverage Determinations, §210.3.

Background Information

For Commercial plans, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) provides coverage for preventive screening for colorectal cancer using fecal occult blood testing, sigmoidoscopy, or colonoscopy in adults, in accordance with the US Preventive Services Task Force A or B rated recommendations. In addition, in October 2015 the United States Department of Labor issued clarification that related ancillary services are also to be covered at the preventive services benefit level.

For Medicare Advantage plans, the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 15, and the Medicare National Coverage Determinations (NCD) Manual, Chapter 1, Section 210.3 address coverage requirements and effective dates of colorectal cancer screening services. For a summary of the most up-to-date information, please see: [Preventive Services Chart | Medicare Learning Network® | ICN MLN006559 December 2020 \(cms.gov\)](#) .

IMPORTANT STATEMENT

The purpose of this Reimbursement Policy is to document our payment guidelines for those services covered by a member's medical benefit plan. Healthcare providers (facilities, physicians, and other professionals) are expected to exercise independent medical judgment in providing care to members. Our Reimbursement Policy is not intended to impact care decisions or medical practice.

Providers are responsible for submission of accurate claims using valid codes from HIPAA-approved code sets and for accurately, completely, and legibly documenting the services performed. Billed codes shall be fully supported in the medical record and/or office notes. Claims are to be coded appropriately according to industry standard coding guidelines (including but not limited to UB Editor, AMA, CPT, CPT Assistant, HCPCS, DRG guidelines, CMS' National Correct Coding Initiative [CCI] Policy Manual, CCI table edits and other CMS guidelines).

Benefit determinations will be based on the member's medical benefit plan. Should there be any conflicts between our Reimbursement Policy and the member's medical benefit plan, the member's medical benefit plan will prevail. Fee determinations will be based on the applicable provider fee schedule, whether out of network or participating provider's agreement, and our Reimbursement Policy.

Policies may not be implemented identically on every claim due to variations in routing requirements, dates of processing, or other constraints; we strive to minimize these variations.

***** The most current version of our reimbursement policies can be found on our provider website. If you are using a printed or saved electronic version of this policy, please verify the information by going to https://www.modahealth.com/medical/policies_reimburse.shtml *****

Policy History

Date	Summary of Update
7/12/2023	Formatting/Update: Section A.2.a: added. Section E.1.b: Clarified which type of codes appropriate to use with modifier PT. Procedure Code Table: Added column to indicate procedure codes considered valid for modifier PT; information moved from RPM037, more appropriate here. Cross References: Hyperlinks added. Minor formatting & phrasing updates.
10/12/2022	Formatting/Update: Change to new header; includes Idaho. Policy History section: Added. Entries prior to 2022 omitted (in archive storage).
12/23/2015	Policy initially approved by the Reimbursement Administrative Policy Review Committee & initial publication.
11/20/2015	Original Effective Date (with or without formal documentation). Policy based on the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) and CMS.